

Core French Level 2 : Learning Outcomes and Indicators

Dimension	Goal
Culture (C)	Students will recognize the value of French language learning and francophone cultures through participation in a variety of activities.
Communication Skills (CS)	Students will understand and create different kinds of messages in French in various experiential situations for a variety of purposes.
Language Knowledge (LK)	Students will apply knowledge of linguistic elements of the French language accurately for specific communication needs.
General Language Strategies (GL)	Students will apply language learning skills and strategies as a vehicle for personal, cognitive and social development.

Goal:	Communication Skills (CS)	Language Knowledge (LK)
Learning Outcomes <i>Compulsory : What students should know, understand and be able to do.</i>	Indicators <i>Examples of possible student demonstrations.</i>	
<i>The student will be able to :</i> 2.CS.1 Demonstrate understanding of basic oral French messages in a short concrete sentence, a familiar question, statement, request, instruction or accolade. [L] [RP] [S]	<i>The student :</i> 2.CS.1 (a) Shares information about feelings, needs, and personal data with an English response, a drawing, gestures, or a French word routinely used in class. 2.CS.1 (b) Identifies the day, month and date on a calendar in a statement such as <i>Aujourd'hui c'est le mercredi cinq octobre.</i> 2.CS.1 (c) Responds to the questions <i>Qu'est-ce que c'est? Qui est-ce?</i> (e.g., with gestures, drawings, known French words, or using English). 2.CS.1 (d) Responds to a sentence ending in <i>s'il vous plaît</i> (e.g., with an action, gesture or with a simple <i>oui/non</i> response). 2.CS.1 (e) Responds to accolades such as <i>Très bien! Excellent!</i> (e.g., with a gesture, facial expression, or with a word such as <i>merci</i>). 2.CS.1 (f) Responds to instructions for several classroom routines, such as <i>Écoutez!</i> (stopping the activity) or <i>Répétez!</i> (repeating the word or phrase). 2.CS.1 (g) Matches a spoken French word with an action or a gesture.	
Key :	2.CS.1(a) 2 Level CS Dimension 1 Learning Outcome (a) Indicator Listening [L] Speaking [S] Reading [RD] Writing [W] Viewing [V] Representing [RP] *Note: Learning Outcomes preceded by an asterisk are also applicable in interactive situations.	

Goal: General Language Strategies (GL)	
Learning Outcomes <i>Compulsory : What students should know, understand and be able to do.</i>	Indicators <i>Examples of possible student demonstrations.</i>
<p><i>The student will be able to :</i></p> <p>2.GL.1 Use listening or viewing strategies in highly structured situations. [L] [V] [RP]</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • preparation for listening or viewing • participation in listening or viewing experience • identification of context clues • visualization of the message • *interpretation of the oral message • *reflection on the listening experience 	<p><i>The student :</i></p> <p>Before listening or viewing:</p> <p>2.GL.1 (a) Prepares for the presentation (e.g., pays attention to a signal, looks at the speaker, is quiet and attentive).</p> <p>2.GL.1 (b) Makes connections to own experiences in English (e.g., when shown a picture, photograph or book cover).</p> <p>2.GL.1. (c) Anticipates the content of the listening experience by making predictions in English.</p> <p>During listening or viewing:</p> <p>2.GL.1 (d) Guesses at the meaning of an unknown word or phrase with support.</p> <p>2.GL.1 (e) Tolerates ambiguity by focusing on a familiar word.</p> <p>2.GL.1 (f) Associates a gesture, action, or facial image with a message.</p> <p>2.GL.1 (g) Associates intonation and expression with a message.</p> <p>2.GL.1 (h) Finds a cognate in a sentence (e.g. <i>animal</i> for animal, or <i>bleu</i> for blue).</p> <p>2.GL.1 (i) Draws a representation of a mental image about the message.</p> <p>2.GL.1 (j) Tells about a mental image in English.</p> <p>After listening or viewing:</p> <p>2.GL.1 (k) Identifies, with some teacher support, the content of the listening experience (e.g., drawing pictures or using puppets).</p> <p>2.GL.1 (l) Identifies, in English with teacher support, the strategies used to interpret the message, such as watching speaker’s face and gestures, using context clues, listening to the speaker’s intonation and expression.</p>
<p>Key : 2.GL.1(a) 2 Level GL Dimension 1 Learning Outcome (a) Indicator Listening [L] Speaking [S] Reading [RD] Writing [W] Viewing [V] Representing [RP] *Note: Learning Outcomes preceded by an asterisk are also applicable in interactive situations.</p>	

Goal:		Communication Skills (CS)	Language Knowledge (LK)*
Learning Outcomes <i>Compulsory : What students should know, understand and be able to do.</i>	Indicators <i>Examples of possible student demonstrations.</i>		
<p><i>The student will be able to :</i></p> <p>2.CS.2 Provide personal information through oral expression supported by extensive prompting. [S] [L]</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • identification of actions, activities, people, places and objects • *expression of basic needs using simple courtesies • *response to simple questions in context • *indication of preferences • *description of the weather • *description of basic feelings 	<p><i>The student :</i></p> <p>2.CS.2 (a) Makes a simple modeled sentence related to the vocabulary of a theme (e.g., <i>C'est un lion. Voici un crayon. J'ai un chien.</i>)</p> <p>2.CS.2 (b) Describes people or oneself doing actions using a model (e.g., <i>Elle saute. Il court. Je marche.</i>)</p> <p>2.CS.2 (c) Uses learned politeness phrases for various situations (e.g., <i>S'il vous plaît. Merci! Excusez-moi!</i>)</p> <p>2.CS.2 (d) Gives a short modeled response to questions (e.g., <i>Qu'est-ce que c'est? C'est un chien. Qui est-ce? C'est maman. Quel temps fait-il? Il fait beau.</i>)</p> <p>2.CS.2 (e) Indicates preferences and non-preferences in a simple sentence, based on models (e.g., <i>J'aime... Je déteste...</i>)</p> <p>2.CS.2 (f) Describes weather with memorized global expressions (e.g., <i>Il fait froid. Il fait chaud. Il fait soleil. Il vente. Il pleut. Il neige. C'est nuageux.</i>)</p> <p>2.CS.2 (g) Expresses feelings by using expressions (e.g., <i>Je suis content(e). Je suis triste.</i>)</p> <p>2.CS.2 (h) Participates in an oral language game with a previously learned word or phrase.</p>		
<p>Key : 2.CS.2(a) 2 Level CS Dimension 2 Learning Outcome (a) Indicator</p> <p style="padding-left: 40px;">Listening [L] Speaking [S] Reading [RD] Writing [W] Viewing [V] Representing [RP]</p> <p style="padding-left: 40px;">*Note: Learning Outcomes preceded by an asterisk are also applicable in interactive situations.</p>			

Goal: General Language Strategies (GL)	
Learning Outcomes <i>Compulsory : What students should know, understand and be able to do.</i>	Indicators <i>Examples of possible student demonstrations.</i>
<p><i>The student will be able to :</i></p> <p>2.GL.2: Use speaking strategies in highly structured situations. [L] [V] [S]</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • accessions of models • consultation of concrete reference materials 	<p><i>The student :</i></p> <p>2.GL.2 (a) Imitates the teacher’s gestures and expressions.</p> <p>2.GL.2 (b) Finds words in environmental print (e.g., on charts, in books, posters, and pictures posted on classroom walls).</p> <p>2.GL.2 (c) Practises new phrases in a large group setting.</p> <p>2.GL.2 (d) Makes a gesture to accompany a word.</p> <p>2.GL.2 (e) Self-evaluates participation in oral language games with the use of satisfaction indicators (e.g., <i>ça va bien, ça va mal, ça va comme ci, comme ça</i>, or with an icon).</p>
<p>Key : 2.GL.2 (a) 2 Level GL Dimension 2 Learning Outcome (a) Indicator Listening [L] Speaking [S] Reading [RD] Writing [W] Viewing [V] Representing [RP] * Note: Learning Outcomes preceded by an asterisk are also applicable in interactive situations.</p>	

Goal:		Communication Skills (CS)	Language Knowledge (:LK)
<p style="text-align: center;">Learning Outcomes <i>Compulsory : What students should know, understand and be able to do.</i></p>	<p>Indicators</p> <p><i>Examples of possible student demonstrations.</i></p>		
<p><i>The student will be able to :</i></p> <p>2.CS.3 Demonstrate understanding of key words in a simple, concrete sentence supported by an illustration or photo. [RD] [RP]</p>	<p><i>The student :</i></p> <p>2.CS.3 (a) Locates key words and cognates with support (e.g., on a chart, bulletin board, or interactive whiteboard).</p> <p>2.CS.3 (b) Sorts key words on cards according to criteria with support (e.g., animals, school objects, foods).</p> <p>2.CS.3 (c) Responds to a shared reading experience (e.g., with drawings, physical actions, matching pictures to words, or by saying an English word).</p>		
<p>Key :</p>	<p>2.CS.3 (a) 2 Level CS Dimension 3 Learning Outcome (a) Indicator Listening [L] Speaking [S] Reading [RD] Writing [W] Viewing [V] Representing [RP] *Note: Learning Outcomes preceded by an asterisk are also applicable in interactive situations.</p>		

Goal: General Language Strategies (GL)	
Learning Outcomes <i>Compulsory : What students should know, understand and be able to do.</i>	Indicators <i>Examples of possible student demonstrations.</i>
<p><i>The student will be able to :</i></p> <p>2.GL.3 Use reading strategies for sentences in modeled situations.</p> <p>[L] [V] [RD]</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • preparation for a reading experience • identification of context clues during a reading experience • identification of environmental print to interpret words • verification of predictions • reflection on the reading experience 	<p><i>The student :</i></p> <p>Before shared reading:</p> <p>2.GL.3 (a) Makes connections to own experiences in English.</p> <p>2.GL.3 (b) Predicts content in English or by using a familiar French word.</p> <p>During shared reading:</p> <p>2.GL.3 (c) Looks at illustrations as a context clue.</p> <p>2.GL.3 (d) Recognizes key words such as names and familiar expressions.</p> <p>2.GL.3 (e) Follows word to print correspondence as the teacher reads a line from a familiar song or poem.</p> <p>2.GL.3 (f) Examines word walls, labeled objects or illustrated charts to find meaning.</p> <p>After shared reading:</p> <p>2.GL.3 (g) Verifies predictions by saying <i>oui</i> or <i>non</i>.</p> <p>2.GL.3 (h) Discusses in English what the reading experience was about.</p> <p>2.GL.3 (i) Asks questions in English about story elements needing clarification.</p> <p>2.GL.3 (j) Discusses in English a strategy used to understand the story such as focusing on a familiar word.</p>
<p>Key : 2.GL.3 (a) 2 Level GL Dimension 3 Learning Outcome (a) Indicator</p> <p>Listening [L] Speaking [S] Reading [RD] Writing [W] Viewing [V] Representing [RP]</p> <p>*Note: Learning Outcomes preceded by an asterisk are also applicable in interactive situations.</p>	

Goal: Communication Skills (CS) Language Knowledge (LK)	
Learning Outcomes <i>Compulsory : What students should know, understand and be able to do.</i>	Indicators <i>Examples of possible student demonstrations.</i>
<p><i>The student will be able to :</i></p> <p>2.CS.4 Produce a simple French sentence from a model. [W]</p>	<p><i>The student :</i></p> <p>2.CS.4 (a) Writes a simple, concrete sentence by substituting words (e.g., <i>C'est un <u>lion</u></i>. becomes <i>C'est un <u>tigre</u></i>.)</p> <p>2.CS.4 (b) Labels pictures and illustrations with a simple sentence.</p>
<p>Key : 2.CS.4 (a) 2 Level CS Dimension 4 Learning Outcome (a) Indicator Listening [L] Speaking [S] Reading [RD] Writing [W] Viewing [V] Representing [RP] *Note: Learning Outcomes preceded by an asterisk are also applicable in interactive situations.</p>	

Goal: General Language Strategies (GL)	
Learning Outcomes <i>Compulsory : What students should know, understand and be able to do.</i>	Indicators <i>Examples of possible student demonstrations.</i>
<p><i>The student will be able to :</i></p> <p>2.GL.4 Use writing strategies for sentences in modeled learning situations.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • participation in a modeled writing experience • dependence on concrete reference materials • use of a writing template • *reflection on the writing experience 	<p><i>The student :</i></p> <p>2.GL.4 (a) Interacts with the teacher as the teacher writes a sentence.</p> <p>2.GL.4 (b) Examines references (e.g., picture dictionaries, word lists, word walls, charts or bulletin boards).</p> <p>2.GL.4 (c) Writes a short text, filling in a repetitive template.</p> <p>2GL.4 (d) Writes a short repetitive text, following a template (e.g., <i>C'est maman. C'est papa. C'est moi.</i>).</p> <p>2.GL.4 (e) Contributes a page of repetitive text for a class book based on a theme.</p> <p>2.GL.4 (f) Self-evaluates writing using representative icons or phrases (e.g., ☺ ☹ ☹ or <i>ça va bien, ça va comme ci, comme ça, ça va mal.</i>).</p>
<p>Key : 2.GL.4 (a) 2 Level GL Dimension 4 Learning Outcome (a) Indicator Listening [L] Speaking [S] Reading [RD] Writing [W] Viewing [V] Representing [RP] *Note: Learning Outcomes preceded by an asterisk are also applicable in interactive situations.</p>	

Goal: Language Knowledge (LK)	
Learning Outcomes <i>Compulsory : What students should know, understand and be able to do.</i>	Indicators <i>Examples of possible student demonstrations.</i>
<p><i>The student will be able to :</i></p> <p>2.LK.1 Demonstrate acquisition of French language concepts. [S] [RD] [RP]</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • numbers 1-20 • common question beginnings • common articles and their placement • singular pronouns, their use and placement • knowledge of key vocabulary words and phrases linked to themes 	<p><i>The student:</i></p> <p>2.LK.1 (a) Counts to 20. ☞</p> <p>2.LK.1 (b) Names numbers 1-20 in French. ☞</p> <p>2.LK.1 (c) Names the number of objects in a set of up to 20 objects. ☞</p> <p>2.LK.1 (d) Responds to <i>qui, qu'est-ce que, est-ce que</i> questions using learned expressions.</p> <p>2.LK1 (e) Identifies and places <i>un/une</i> and <i>le/ la</i> orally in front of common nouns.</p> <p>2.LK.1 (f) Identifies and places singular pronouns orally before verbs in a sentence (e.g., <i>je, tu, il, elle, on</i>).</p> <p>2.LK.1 (g) Uses key words from the following themes in a simple sentence, such as <i>Je mange une pomme</i>.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Calendar and Weather ☞ • Family Members ☞ • Backpack and School Supplies ☞ • Zoo or Wild Animals ☞ • Seasonal Clothing ☞ • Healthy Snack Food ☞ • Recreational Activities ☞ • Alternate Transportation ☞
<p>Key : 2.LK.1 (a) 2 Level LK Dimension 1 Learning Outcome (a) Indicator Listening [L] Speaking [S] Reading [RD] Writing [W] Viewing [V] Representing [RP] *Note: Learning Outcomes preceded by an asterisk are also applicable in interactive situations.</p>	

Goal: Culture (C)	
Learning Outcomes <i>Compulsory : What students should know, understand and be able to do.</i>	Indicators <i>Examples of possible student demonstrations.</i>
<p><i>The student will be able to :</i></p> <p>2.C.1 Identify elements of francophone, First Nations, and Métis family cultures.</p> <p>[S] [RP]</p>	<p><i>The student :</i></p> <p>2.C.1 (a) Represents francophone cultures by saying a rhyme or singing a song such as a familiar French song commonly sung to children in francophone families (e.g., <i>Fais dodo, Frère Jacques, Alouette, Sur le pont d’Avignon</i>) or a <i>comptine</i> (e.g., <i>Un et un, deux</i> or <i>J’ai dix petits doigts</i>). ☞</p> <p>2.C.1 (b) Describes some aspects of francophone families, such as names of family members (e.g., <i>maman</i> for <i>mère</i>, <i>papa</i> for <i>père</i>, <i>papi</i> for <i>grand-père</i>, <i>mami</i> for <i>grand-mère</i>) as well as aspects of First Nations families (e.g., <i>moshom</i> and <i>kokum</i>). ☞</p> <p>2.C.1 (c) Names some francophone foods or snacks and tells when they are eaten (e.g., <i>la tourtière</i> after midnight during the Christmas season, <i>la poutine</i> for a meal or a snack, <i>la brioche</i> for breakfast). ☞</p> <p>2.C.1 (d) Names food containers common to francophone cultures (e.g., <i>le panier à provisions</i> (shopping basket), <i>le panier à salade</i> (salad basket), <i>le sac à provisions</i> (shopping bag), as well as containers common to traditional First Nations cultures such as <i>le pare-flèche</i> (parfleche), <i>le panier au saule rouge</i> (red willow basket), <i>le panier à l’écorce de bouleau</i> (birchbark basket). ☞</p> <p>2.C.1 (e) Examines clothing items common to francophone cultures (e.g., <i>le béret</i>, <i>une robe haute-couture</i>, <i>un t-shirt baba-cool</i> (France : t-shirt with imprinted images and slogans), <i>la ceinture fléchée</i> (common to both Métis and francophone cultures)). ☞</p> <p>2.C.1 (f) Uses knowledge of francophone cultures to participate in cultural activities, such as games, singing, and rhymes.</p> <p>2.C.1 (g) Self-evaluates participation in cultural activities through the use of satisfaction indicators (e.g., <i>ça va bien</i>, <i>ça va mal</i>, <i>ça va comme-ci</i>, <i>comme-ça</i>, or with an icon).</p>
Key :	<p>2.C.1 (a) 2 Level C Dimension 1 Learning Outcome (a) Indicator</p> <p>Listening [L] Speaking [S] Reading [RD] Writing [W] Viewing [V] Representing [RP]</p> <p>*Note: Learning Outcomes preceded by an asterisk are also applicable in interactive situations.</p>